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EFFECTS OF COBALT-60 IRRADIATION TO THE REGION OF THE BRAIN OF THE BURRO

HEMATOLOGICAL RESPONSES FOLLOWING EXPOSURES
OF 200 r AND 600 r

by

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Air Force Systems Command
AIR FORCE WEAPONS LABORATORY
Kirtland Air Force Base
New Mexico

Project No. 7801

Research and Technology Division Air Force Systems Command AIR FORCE WEAPONS LABORATORY Kirtland Air Force Base New Mexico

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FORE WORD

This is the second in a series of reports describing the effects of cobalt-60 irradiation to the brain of the burro. The first, AFSWC TDR-62-96, was published in January 1963, and presented clinical signs and symptoms.

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ABSTRACT

Twenty-two adult male burros were exposed to cobalt-60 radiation to the head only. Six out of seven receiving 600 r died. In contrast, six out of six burros receiving 200 r survived.

Acute hematological changes observed in the 600 r irradiated group were in close agreement with early acute blood changes observed in whole-body irradiation of burros and other mammalian species. Early hematological responses were valuable prognostic aids for determining degree of brain and/or pituitary injury.

PUBLICATION REVIEW

This report has been reviewed and is approved.

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RTD-TDR-63-3027

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AIR FORCE WEAFONS LABORATORY Air Force Systems Command Kirtland Air Force Base New Mexico

16 December 1963

ERRATUM

RTD TDR-63-3027. EFFECTS OF COBALT-60 IRRADIATION TO THE REGION OF THE BRAIN OF THE BURRO

HEMATOLOGICAL RESPONSES FOLLOWING EXPOSURES OF 200 r AND 600 r

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1. INTRODUCTION.

Tissue of the central nervous system appears to be relatively resistant to injury by lower doses of ionizing radiation, although symptoms of neurological deficit occur in all mammalian species following large radiation doses. Neurological examinations, peripheral blood and bone marrow studies are frequently used to evaluate degrees of radiosensitivity.

Kuhn and Brown exposed the brain of the anesthetized burro to cobalt-60 radiation. Neurological abnormalities were noted in animals exposed from 150 to 2216 rad. A hematological response was characterized by a leukocytosis within 24 hours post-exposure. The leukocytosis was chiefly due to an increase in mature neutrophils; however, immature neutrophils also increased in number between 12 and 24 hours post-exposure. The lymphocytes and eosinophils followed erratic patterns, but were generally depressed in the groups that received the highest doses.

It is evident that central nervous-system changes accompanied by hematological alterations occur at relatively low doses of ionizing radiations in the burro when compared to other mammals. For this reason studies on the response of an unanesthetized burro to low doses of gamma radiation to the brain were indicated.

2. MATERIAL AND METHODS.

Twenty-two normal adult male burros were paired, as closely as possible, according to color, weight, height, disposition, and age. Seven pairs were assigned to the group to be irradiated with 600 r and four pairs to the 200 r group. One animal of each pair served as a control. Each animal was bled according to a set time schedule (table 1).

Blood for the studies herein reported was obtained from the jugular vein. Five cubic centimeters were withdrawn into a tube containing 2,000 units of heparin sodium solution. Blood smears were immediately prepared and stained with modified Wrights' stain. A Model-A Coulter electronic blood-

cell counter was used to meter the red and white blood cells. ^{3, 4} The hemoglobin was measured by the cyanmethemoglobin method using a Coleman Jr. Spectrophotometer. The packed cell volume (PCV) was determined by the microhematocrit procedure. ⁵ Differential cell counts were recorded according to the various cell types found in the burro (tables 3 to 6). ²

Composite graphs were made for all blood values. The absolute blood values of each animal were used in calculation for composite presentations. The mean values of each group were used for graphing. The 95 percent confidence interval for the sample standard deviation and the sample standard deviation of the mean, for the period of -6 days to -2 hour values, were computed as described by Snedecor⁶ (table 2).

Irradiation was accomplished using cobalt-60 sources arranged to simultaneously irradiate the brain from both sides, i.e., bilaterally.

3. RESULTS.

a. 600 r Group.

The hemoglobin, hematocrit, and RBC values indicate that a moderate degree of hemoconcentration occurred in both the principals and controls (figure 1). Maximum response was the period immediately following sham and actual irradiation. Return to pre-exposure levels was noted 1.5 hours following the peak response.

The medium and small lymphocytes for all pairs increased and then decreased (figures 2, 3). At +3.5 hours the lymphocytes of the control burros returned to pre-exposure levels while those of the irradiated ones continued to decrease until +16.5 hours. At +3 days, the values of irradiated burros were still slightly below normal, but appeared to be increasing rapidly. The number of large lymphocytes remained constant in the irradiated and control animals.

Transitional lymphocytes and monocytes increased slightly in the post-irradiation period. The plasma cellular lymphocytes and plasma-call precursors dropped to approximately 50 percent of normal from the time

of irradiation until + 32.5 hours after which they gradually increased until the sixth week post-exposure (figures 2, 3).

Irradiation-induced leukocyte changes were noted (figures 4, 5). An initial leukocytosis occurred within + 1.5 hours and a delayed leukocytosis occurred within + 9.5 hours post irradiation. The delayed neutrophilia occurring at + 9.5 hours was observed until + 24.5 hours. Segmented neutrophils decreased by + 40.5 hours; however, a neutrophilia still persisted. The immature and stab neutrophils began to increase at + 5.5 hours and reached a 15-fold increase by + 10.5 hours. A gradual decline to pre-irradiation levels occurred by + 32.5 hours.

Eosinophil values of the irradiated burros began to decrease by +4.5 hours, reached virtually zero by +12.5 hours, and remained there until death had occurred (figures 4, 5). Six out of seven burros died in the terminal phase of a hyperacute radiation syndrome.

b. 200 r Group.

The hemoglobin, hematocrit, and red blood cell values were much the same as in the 600 r group, indicating an initial hemoconcentration. Irradiated and control burros exhibited similar hematological patterns from -6 through +6 weeks (figures 6-9). A few transient, abnormal neurological signs were noted, but no deaths occurred in this group. 7

4. DISCUSSION.

Considerable experimental evidence supports the concept that, in the blood stream, leukocytes flow in the marginal regions and adhere to capillary walls, and that epinephrine and physical exertion will decrease the plasma volume and increase the size of the circulating granulocyte pool, although not increase the size of the total granulocytic pool. This would explain the hemoconcentration and rise in leukocyte numbers during the early phases of sham-irradiation and irradiation and their return to normal levels after removal of the burros from the stress-invoking environment.

A leukocytosis consisting of two peaks, one at 8 to 12 hours and one at 24 hours post-exposure, were observed in a number of species exposed to whole-body irradiation. Early lymphopenia and neutrophilia were noted in the rat during the first 24 hours following large whole-body doses of X ray. 10, 11 Eldred and Eldred reported leukocytosis due entirely to a rise in neutorphils 1 to 5 hours post-irradiation in the monkey. The rabbit exhibited an initial rise in absolute heterophil (proper name for granulocytes of the rabbit) values at 12 to 24 hours after 500 r and 800 r whole-body doses of X radiation. 13 Man and swine exhibited a neutrophilia within a few hours after whole-body irradiation. Chimpanzees showed a marked neutrophilia and a profound decrease in lymphocytes and monocytes within 30 hours post-irradiation. 19 The dog exhibited granulcytosis following exposures of 10 to 25 r of X ray. A leukocytosis was reported in the burro within 24 hours after whole-body irradiation. 1, 21

The appearance of a delayed leukocytosis, which was observed only in burros exhibiting gross neurological abnormalities, may have been due to a leukocytosis-promoting factor in the plasma that mobilized granulocytes from the bone marrow. ^{22, 23} The increased numbers of immature forms thrown into the peripheral circulation offer more evidence in favor of an outpouring of the granulocyte marrow reserves. ²⁴⁻²⁶

Dougherty described five phases in the lymphocytic response to stress. ²⁷ In Phase 1, there was an immediate increase in lymphocytes following non-irradiation stress. This rise was attributed to epinephrine secretion and physical exertion. Phase 2 was the development of lymphopenia which is mediated by the adrenal-cortical secretions in intact animals. Phase 3 was the period of reconstitution of the lymphocytes from the lowest lymphocytic level to the normal limits. Phase 4 (overshooting normal limit) and Phase 5 (return to normal limit) were not observed in the burro irradiated to the brain.

The long-recognized lymphocytolytic effect of small exposures of radiation is dependent on pituitary-adrenal-cortical mediation, while in large doses the direct action is on the lymphoid tissue.

Dougherty and White, 28 working with adrenal ectomized mice, state,

It is suggested that X rays exert both a direct and indirect effect on lymphocytes. The direct action may be manifested even in the absence of the pituitary or adrenals, whereas the indirect action of X irradiation on lymphocytes is mediated via the pituitary-adrenal-cortical mechanism.

In all probability only the circulating lymphocytes were exposed to gamma radiation; therefore, the major factor leading to the lymphopenia observed in Phase 2 must have been the effects of the pituitary-adrenal mechanism.

Further evidence that the lymphopenia may be mediated by the influence of the pituitary-adrenal axis was found in the response of the circulating eosinophils. The eosinophil count serves as a measure of reaction of the pituitary-adrenal-cortical system to stress. 30-34 Injection of adrenal-cortical hormones or ACTH into an animal will produce a peripheral eosinopenia. 26, 35-37 Eldred 38 reported a 49 percent eosinophil decrease in the first to third days in the monkey irradiated with 600 r of X rays to the whole body. On the fourth and fifth days, eosinophils were seriously depleted and thereafter were scarce up to the fourth week at which time the cell rapidly reappeared. Kuhn and Brown noted that in the burro irradiated to the head the peripheral blood pattern of eosinophils was similar to that of lymphocytes.

If the reader accepts the pituitary-adrenal-axis as one of the factors governing numbers of circulating eosinophils and lymphocytes, then the results of this study indicate that brain and/or pituitary damage caused by gamma radiation and eosinopenia and lymphopenia are correlated. It is suggested that the degree of eosinopenia neutrophilia and lymphopenia can be used to judge the severity of neurological deficits in the burro after exposure of the head with cobalt-60 gamma rays.

5. SUMMARY.

Twenty-two burros were paired for neurological and hematological studies. Blood collections were made during four periods: (a) daily from 6 to 3 days before irradiation; (b) pre-sham irradiation; (c) sham-irradiation; and (d) post-irradiation.

Seven burros received 600 r and four burros 200 r of gamma rays to the brain from bilateral-positioned cobalt-60 sources. Each had a paired control that was sham-irradiated. Six out of seven burros receiving 600 r died in the terminal phase of a hyperacute radiation syndrome. The animals that received 200 r showed few transient abnormal neurological signs.

The acute hematological changes observed in the 600 r irradiated group were in close agreement with early acute blood changes observed in whole-body irradiation of burros and other mammalian species. Early hematological responses, particularly eosinophilia and neutrophilia, were valuable prognostic aids for determining the degree of brain and/or pituitary injury.

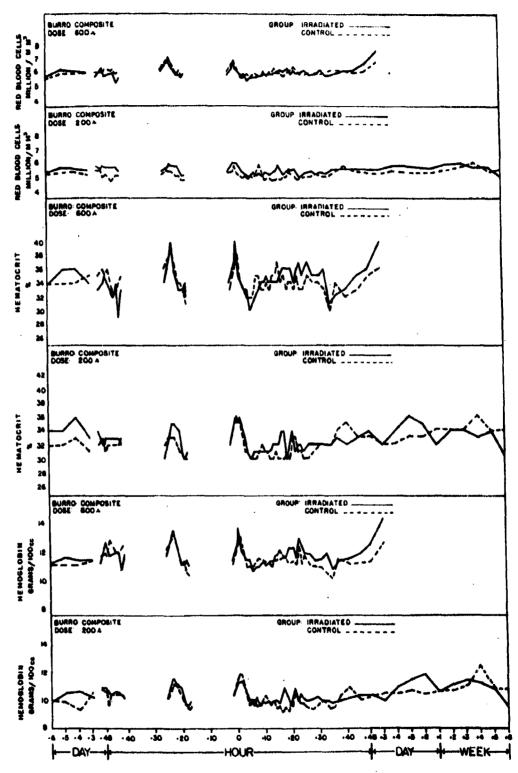


Figure 1. Composite Graph Showing Red Blood Cells, Hematocrit, and Hemoglobin Values of the Irradiated and Control Groups

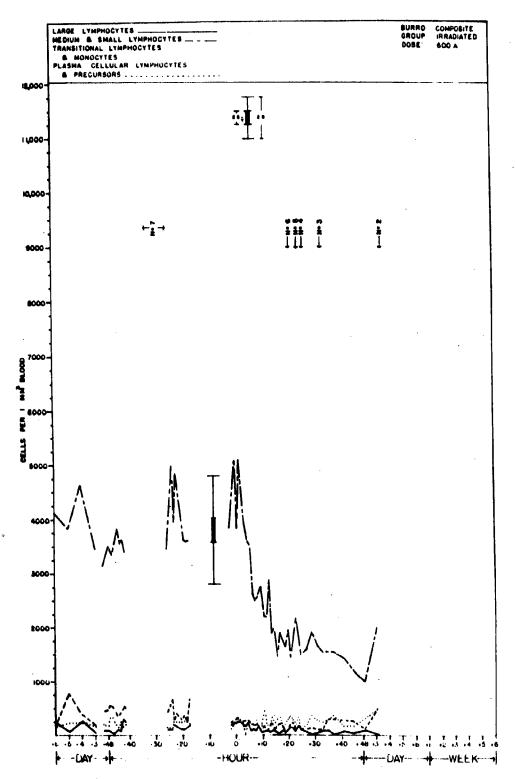


Figure 2. Composite Graph of Lymphocytes of the 600 r Irradiated Group

是是是我们的现在分词,可以是一种,我们就是一种的,我们也是一种的,我们也是一种的,我们也是一种的,我们也是一种的,也是一种,也是一种的,也是

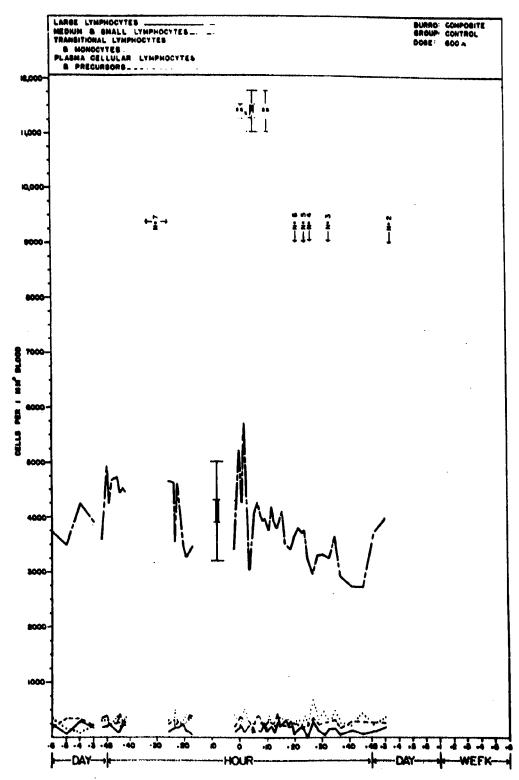


Figure 3. Composite Graph of Lymphocytes of the 600 r Control Group

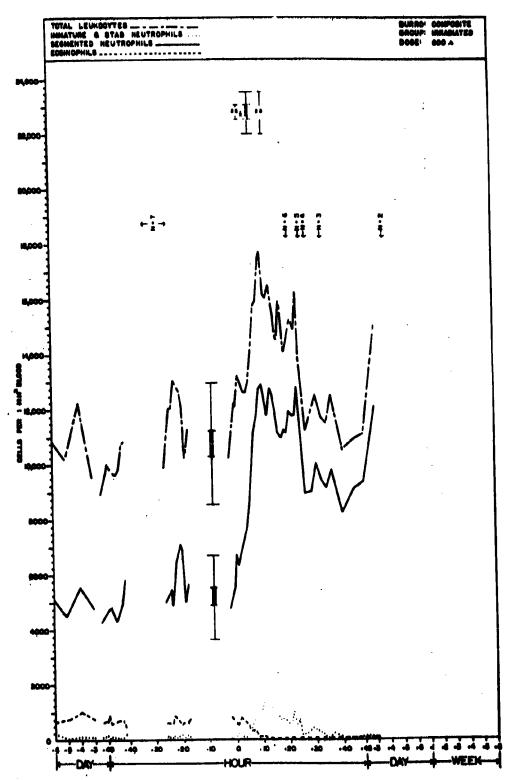


Figure 4. Composite Graph of Segmented Leukocytes of the 600 r Irradiated Group

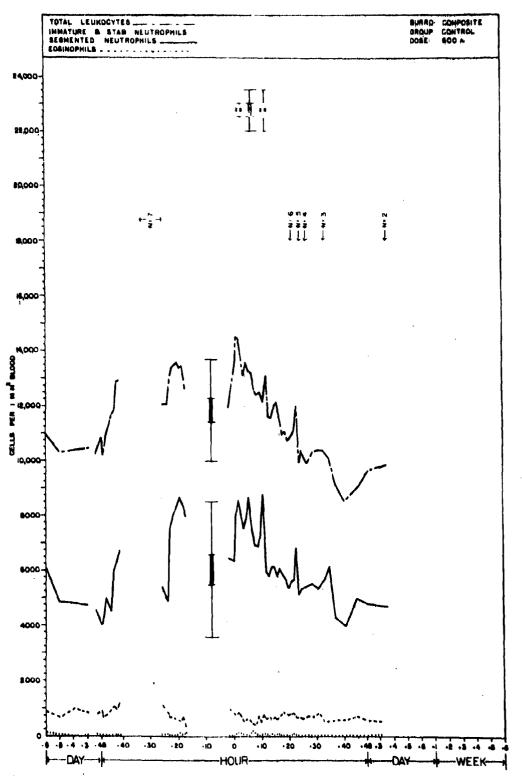


Figure 5. Composite Graph of Segmented Leukocytes of the 600 r Control Group

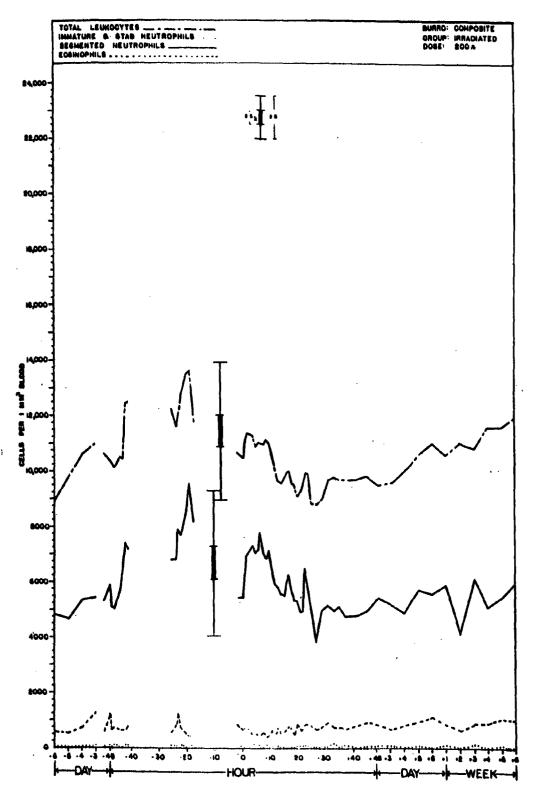


Figure 6. Composite Graph of Segmented Leukocytes of the 200 r Irradiated Group

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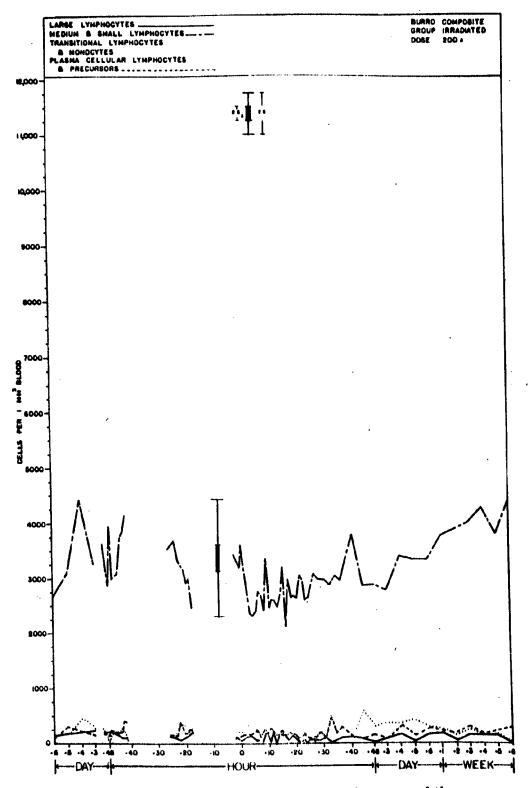


Figure 7. Composite Graph of Lymphocytes of the 200 r Irradiated Group

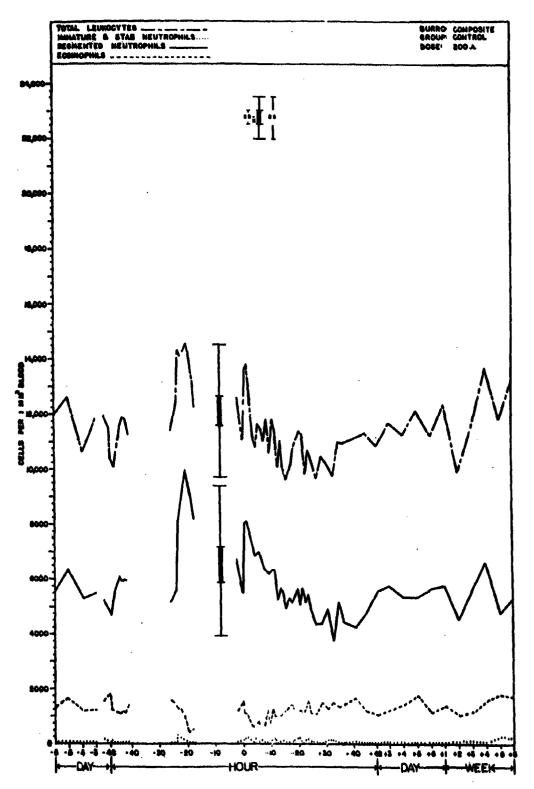


Figure 8. Composite Graph of Segmented Leukocytes of the 200 r Control Group

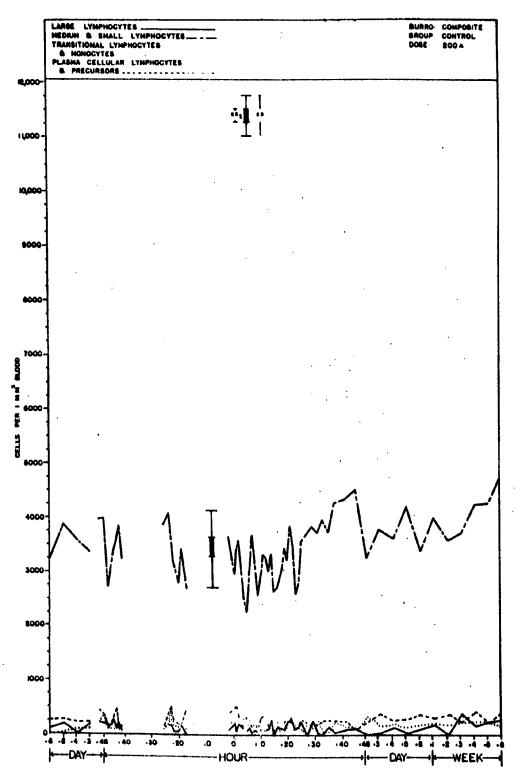


Figure 9. Composite Graph of Lymphocytes of the 200 r Control Group

Table 1. BLEEDING SCHEDULE

Identification of blood samples	Event
-6 day to -3 day	Daily pre-exposure
Pre-sham irradiation (diurnal ve	ariation)
-50 hour	Corresponds to pre-irradiation (-2 hr
-48 hour	Corresponds to arrival at irradiation site (0 hr)
-47.5 hour to -41.5 hour	Corresponds to post-irradiation
Sham irradiation	•
-26 hour	Pre-sham exposure
-24 hour	Arrival at irradiation site
-23 hour	Corresponds to immediately following exposure (0 hr)
-22.5 hour	Return from irradiation site
-21.5 hour to -17.5 hour	Post-sham exposure
Irradiation	
-2 hour	Pre-irradiation
0 hour	Arrival at irradiation site
+.5 hour	Immediately following irradiation
+1.5 hour	Return from irradiation site
+ 2. 5 hour to + 24. 5 hour	Hourly post-exposure
+26.5 hour to +36.5 hour	Two-hour intervals post-exposure
+36.5 hour to +48 hour	Four-hour intervals post-exposure
+3 days to +7 days	Daily post-exposure
+2 weeks to +6 weeks	Weekly post-exposure

Table 2. MEAN, $\overline{\mathbf{X}}$, SAMPLE STANDARD DEVIATIONS AND SAMPLE STANDARD DEVIATION OF THE MEAN S $\overline{\mathbf{X}}$ FOR PRE-IRRADIATION HEMATOLOGICAL VALUES, N = 20

Group	HB gm/100cc	HEM %	RBC X10	WBC	SOE	IMM STAB	SEG	TRANS	LL	M &S	PCP
Irradiated X 600 r 2 s	11.7 1.54 0.34	34 5.9 1.3	5.96 0.90 0.20	10,745 2,198 492	662 294 64	. 72 104 46	5, 197 1, 522 340	216 104 24	131 150 34	3, 798 998 222	433 316 70
Control X 600 r 2 s 2 s		34 4.2 0.8	6.06 0.60 0.12	11,828 1,850 412	803 428 90	46 68 30	6,011 2,468 552	280 210 46	150 100 22	4,096 902 200	275 136 60
Irradiated X 200 r 2 s 2 s Control X 200 r 2 s		31 2.7 0.58 229 1.6	5.57 0.48 0.11 5.16 0.44	11,419 2,506 560 12,116 2,426 542	708 490 108 1.174 770	51 50 10 156 34	6,606 2,626 286 6,526 2,864 640	225 222 48 48 166 282 62	153 84 20 149 138 30	3, 366 1, 056 236 3, 464 750 168	232 162 36 292 194 42
HB - Hemoglobin HEM - Hematocrit RBC - Red blood cells WBC - White blood cells	lobin atocrit slood cells e blood cell	·	EO IM ST SE	EOS - Eosinophils IMM - Immature neutroj STAB - Stab neutrophils SEG - Segmented neutro	inophils nature ne lb neutro	EOS - Eosinophils IMM - Immature neutrophils STAB - Stab neutrophils SEG - Segmented neutrophils		TRANS - Transitional l LL - Large lymphocytes M&S - Medium & small l PCP - Plasma cell procu	vansiti ymphc m & s a cell	NS - Transitional lymphocytes Large lymphocytes - Medium & small lymphocytes - Plasma cell procursors - Plasma cellular lymphocyte	phocytes phocytes ors phocyte

Table 3. ABSOLUTE HEMATOLOGICAL VALUES

 !	1																											
	PCP FCL	239	260	390	170	-		438	462	550	539	350	439	236	485		414	829	272	408	284	370	245	645		325	243	C#7
	M &S	4, 130	2 810	4 641	2.459) + 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1		3, 126	3,492	3,440	3, 366	3,837	3, 535	3,626	3, 383		3,486	4,990	3,908	4,859	4,094	3,625	3, 580	3, 596		0	ν, αυν πουν	5, 065
	LL	232	9	745	2	3		28	85	09	67	116	7.5	313	516		101	109	192	157	66	108	149	173	•		167	217
	TRANS	- 1. 1.	220	235	16.5	607		218	186	330	325	148	250	148	195		146	134	586	232	243	255	. 652	1%		,	104	767
	SEG	7 118	7,110	5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5	7,728	4, 70	퇴	4,259	4,586	4,699	4,770	4,250	4,580	4,964	5, 792		4,981	5,427	4,878	6,304	7,089	6,877	4,976	5,658		,	4,760	776'6
10 r	IMM STAB	3 9.5		, ,	7 - 7	Ĭ	Pre-sham irradiation	25	102	0	78	41	0	49	168	Sham irradiation	%	99	87	61	115	. 92	26	49	Irradiation	:	12	17
Dose: 600	EOS	707	7.1	020	101	7.51	-sham	615	634	828	542	999	634	769	4 28	Sham ir	593	565	835	743	518	299	286	715	Irrad		805	575
Irradiated L	WBC	ح (· (10, 200	12, 200	9, 500	Pre	8, 900	9, 700	10,000	9,800	9,600	9,800	Ö	10,800	-	6,900	٦,	نہ	'n	7	'n	10, 200	1,		•	10, 200	12, 200
	RBC	07 3	,,,	0.10	21.0	5. 78		5.86	6. 23	4.	5, 75	5.77	5.88	5.18	5.55		6.00	6.59	6.85	6.41	5.77	5.78	5.58	5.84			5.74	6.15
Group:	нем	2.4	.	۶ à	0 7	\$		33	34	35	, ,	32	\ %	67	33		34	38	40	36	33	33	34	32			*	37
Composite	НВ	!	٠	•	11.5	•			. ~	~	i _		. 2	0	11.8		-	6	, ~	2	-		, ,	10.9			11.2	12.5
Burro: Co	R HOUR	7	-p day	- 5 day	-4 day	- 5 day	-	-50 hr	-48 hr	-47.5 hr	-46 5 hr	-44.5 hr	-43.5 hr	-42.5 hr	-41.5 hr		-26 hr	74	23: 5	22. 5	20. 5	. 6	18.5	-17.5 hr			-2 hr	

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PCP	307	225	760	271	197	182	172	176	78	185	44	203	210	06	183	202	162	28	408	227	221	101	125	108	119	125	90	95	284	284	276	243	118	461	
M &S	3,820	5, 100	3,974	3,629	3, 514	2,655	2,491	2, 574	2,747	2, 202	2, 195	2, 869	1,877	2,000	1,440	1,898	1,702	1,643	1,842	•	•	•	•	1,496	•	•	•	1,547	1,531	1,545	1,440	1,174	666	1,891	
LL	261	232	149	243	26	107	75	161	38	242	83	45	8.7	63	07	44	46	33	75	143	120	፠	184	86	40	0	31	69	68	0	69	35	92	0	
TRANS	218	592	174	203	34		274	156	165	464	217	135	320	244	291	325	169	196	281	359	280	208	336	98	197	370	282	529	282	360	175	179	305	461	
SEG	6,703	6,360	7,250	7,443	8, 365	9,753	11,197	11,713	12,728	12,905	12, 267	11,810	12,809	12, 533	11,933	11, 189	10,977	11, 248	11, 125															12,072	
IMM	179	102	9	163	408	672	908	870	1,081	1,469	1,140	1,176	1,119	847	996	714	741	684	594	522	1,000	525	719	155	229	399	310	201	37	214	33	0	83		
EOS	473	774	603	504	987	319	222	83	72	74	67	0	32	0	71	17	0	51	0	19	23	73	· •	21	0	31	0	27	0	0	c	0	0	0	
WBC							15,600										• •	14, 100	14, 100								•	•	•	•		•	•	15,000	
RBC	1 .			•	•	•	•		• •				, ,		•	•	•	•	4. 4	•	•	•	•	•	, r	7,7		ָ ה ה	7,7	, r		, . , .	ر. د ۱۸	7. 29	
HEM	40	35	3 6) K	<u> </u>	, r	7 6	2 2	, 4 5	7		3.4	34	34	77	י ע י	3 %	3 %	3 %	3 %	5 4	.	, ,	. ע מ	000	. ער רי	י ער	2,4	7 7	3.5	, ,	7 C	ر در جو	5 4.1	
HB	13.4	6	•	٠	•	•	0 · 0	•	•	٠	•	•	•	11:	11.2		71.5		1.51	•	•	•	•	•	11.7	11.	11.6	11.0	10.4	2 -	11.1	11.0	12.4	16.4	٠ ١
R HOUR	1 P	1 5 1	+ 1. U iii	1 0. 0 H	111 0 11 1	+ 5, 5 ar	+6.5 III	n u	+ 0. 5 III) u					n u	+13.3 ar	n 4	n u	+ 10.0 III	9 4	Ů.	n u	Ú	+ 65.5 ar	+ 24. 5 III	n u	n u	n u	n u	n u	Ü	+40.5 nr	+44.5 nr		· 1.

Table 4. ABSOLUTE HEMATOLOGICAL VALUES

- 1		- 502	•																											
	PCF	168	308	324	246		336	383	247	226	741	100	0 70	007	767		222	308	149	286	107	776	007	595	362			183	360	
	M &S	3, 718	3,486	4, 255	3, 883		3,605	4, 936	4, 239	4 639	4774	7	4,457	4, 513	4,455		4.659	4,630	2 548	0.4	100	6,470	5, 251	3, 393	3,449	-		3,410	5, 206	
	1	216	48	576	147		162	188	223	2 6	1 2 2	2 :	171	516	1%		462	139	145	1 61	101	4 77	<u>`</u>	68	37			89	184	
	TRANS	324	143	92	201	•	287	284	241	127	163	200	173	272	351		296	8 0 C	17.0	471	727	301	406	290	370			406	218	
	SEG	6,027	4,835	4,758	4,714	되		0 t C T	4,020	4,0,4	4, 776	4,445	5, 995	6, 283	6,992		F 25.4	400 4	4, 000	7,493	178'	8, 390	8,631	8,368	7,913	•		6.417	6,317	ı
H	IMM	128	52	0	37	Pre-sham irradiation	7	ה ה	77) ;	61	52	0	47	33	irradiation	5	10.	60	49	17	42	73	32	100)) 	Irradiation	32	25	
	EOS	068	692	996	802	-sham	102	167	/88	713	744	944	1,062		1, 205	Sham ir		(, 15/	278	681	681	595	508	999	337		Irrad	000	789)
rol Dose:	₩ BC	10 918	: c	î c	10,432	Pre	· ?	j,	oʻ.	oʻ.	o.	H	`~	`~	12, 925	U J1	(12,030	12,043	12,822	13, 342	13, 588	13 243	12,55	13,420	16,00		11 052	12, 27.7	1 5 5
in Control		00	00.1	20.2	5.99		. (6.04	5.99	6.05	6.18	6.08	6.15	, u	6.03		ı	6.20	6.59	6.73	6.50	ν. Σ	70.7		0.0	5.73			5, 75	0.10
· crono.	出	7	\$ 3	\$?	35			35	36	35	36	32) K) ¢	35			36	38	39	8	, 7	; ;	# 6 7	£ .	31			۲ ۲	ዷ
4:20	HB		•	•	11.3			11.6							12.4			12.0	12.8	13, 1	12.6	ָ ֓֞֝֞֜֝֞֝֓֓֓֓֞֝֓֓֓֡֓֡֓֓֓֡֓֡֓֡֓֡֓֡֓֓֡֓֡֓֡֓֡֡֡֡֡֡֡֡	• •	; (10.4	·		,	10.9	7
,	R HOUR HB			-5 day				-50 hr	-48 hr	-47.5 hr	N.	u	n L	-45. 5 nr	-42.5 nr -41.5 hr			-26 hr	-24 hr	22 5 hr	, ,	7.7	-20.5 III	-19.5 nr	-18.5 hr	-17.5 hr			-2 hr	

	PCL	310	321	287	73	287	383	353	225	539	301	239	277	4 26	236	761	202	202	205	241	245	198	168	202	194	356	227	246	261	309	166	987	272	255	255	
	M &S	4,260	5,733	2,891	3, 576	4,093	4, 269	4,040	3,929	3,946	3, 751	4,190	3,929	3, 784	3, 951	4,099	3, 569	3, 471	3,408	3, 589	3, 704	3,800	3, 703	3,742	3, 264	2, 956	3, 317	3, 311	3, 247	3,637	2,934	2, 738	2,734	3,686	3, 984	
	77	205	75	211	196	79	131	100	218	116	140	189	81	257	204	247	314	179	568	09	94	142	225	91	0	786	117	42	154	147	35	95	%	82	166	
	TRANS	349	497	131	248	122	251	244	241	180	394	191	216	267	364	342	867	332	200	697	302	562	228	388	292	989	326	468	692	479	569	213	434	225	368	
	SEG	7,915	8, 537	7,519	7,847	8,652	7,419	6,881	6,879	7, 245	8, 765	5, 938	5, 766	6, 141	6, 135	5, 760	6,013	5,858	5,664	5, 327	5, 548	2,606	6,751	5, 134	5, 271	5, 379	5,481	5, 328	5,635	6,071	4,346	4, 203	4,992	4,783	4,663	
cont'd)	IMM STAB	96	154	. 20	64	49	153	104	53	0	89	86	13	22	18	55	12	0	47	39	17	26	4]	38	0	47	87	0		0	0	53	0	0	31	
able 4 (cont'd)	EOS	781	861	504	617	605	499	428	752	202	802	209	671	624	689	618	749	887	808	738	808	843	685	989	979	739	731	838	531	546	581	588	707	551	522	
L	·WBC	14,512	14,419	13, 127	13,547	13, 280	13, 173	12,673	12, 378	12,433	12, 167	13,080	11,628	11,560	11,945	12, 127	11,575	10,929	11,027	•			11,952	•							_					
	RBC						•		5.84		•	•	•	5.86	•				5.63		•														. 1	•
	нем	40	37	33	32	32	35	35	35	33	33	34	33	35	35	37	34	*	33	34	34	33	35	33	33	35	*	34	33	30	34	32	33	3.5	36	
	HB	13.6	12.6	10.8	10.9	10.5	10.8	11.4	11.3	11.2	11.1	11.2	10.8	11.6	11.6	12.0	11.4	•	11.1	11.1	11.2	11.0	12.2	11.0	10.6	10.9	10.8	10.8	10.2	10.0	11.4	11.0	11,0	11.2	12.5	
	R HOUR	+.5 hr	+1.5 hr	+3.5 hr	+4.5 hr	+5.5 hr	+6.5 hr	+7.5 hr	+8.5 hr	+9.5 hr	+10.5 hr	+11.5 hr	+12.5 hr	+13.5 hr	+14.5 hr	+15.5 hr	+16.5 hr		+18.5 hr	+19.5 hr	+ 20.5 hr	+21.5 hr	+ 22.5 hr	+23.5 hr	+ 24.5 hr	+ 26.5 hr	+28.5 hr	+30.5 hr	+32.5 hr	Ę	9	0.5	+44.5 hr	Š	+3 day	

Table 5. ABSOLUTE HEMATOLOGICAL VALUES

Burro: Co	Composite	Ů	roup: Control		Dose: 200 r	•					
R HOUR	HB	HEM	RBC	WBC	EOS	IMM	SEG	TRANS	TT	M &S	PCI
		30	í i	10, 500	1. 263	0	5, 526	0	101		897
		2 %	5.31	12,625	1,624	45	6,332	45	194	3,883	276
		31		10,625	1, 193	28	5, 266	104	27		231
-3 day	10,5	67	5.18	11,800	1, 200	0	5,420	121	204		249
				Pre	sham	irradiation	el				
-50 hr		30	5, 53		1.548	117	5, 218	226	238		453
-48 hr		3 2	5.49		1,801	22	4,740	365	200		365
-47. 5 hr		6 2	4.93		1, 209	85	4,658	247	188		797
ľ		30	5.16		1,196	0	5,495	125	196		156
LC.		30	4.70		1,082	21	6,064	93	285		331
เก		9	5.00		1, 191	18	5, 907	184	105		484
ហ	10.4	<u>8</u>	5.12	11,800	1,126	18	5,975	66	246	3,889	122
		31	5.08		1,368	0	5, 937	144	91		188
				-1	Sham irradiation	adiation					
-26 hr	10 3	30	5. 24	11,400		23	5, 154	121	144	3,869	159
7		3 (5, 49	12,400		55	5, 585	217	189	4,094	481
3 6		, E	5.36	14, 325		292	7,884	527	182	3,736	274
22.5		, . .	5, 39	14, 100	1,247	902	8,640	176	75	3, 238	308
20.5		53	5.07	4,		74	10,000	152	7.5	2,813	189
9 6		62	5,08	14,050	364	41	9,473	162	161	3,441	208
י מ		82	4.81	13,450	440	35	9,081	110	75	3,096	375
-17.5 hr	9.5	87	4.78	12, 225	553	0	8, 166	120	25	2,695	480
					Irradiation	ation					
2 24	10.2	30	5, 33	12, 575	•	55	6,739	222	86		420
114 C		3 %	7.4	11,075	•	86	5,460	244	215		206
	•	7 7	200	13,550			7,934	186	61		534
 U.R	: -	۲ ۲	, r.	13,850	1,040	182	8,072	272	202		338
ָ עֹר	; 6	; 63	4.93	11, 250		41	7, 264	306	116	2,540	82
+ 4.5 hr	6.6	62 2	5.12	10,800	269	180	6,837	. 143	25		365
•							•				

	PCP	586	145	245	27	687	352	987	169	162	270	264	150	161	278	141	326	077	169	267	717	417 18¢	1 90	276	272	270	271	119	246	390	256	282	371	317	387	
	M &S	3,013	3,683	3, 260	2, 572	2,880	3, 320	3, 270	3,013	3, 343	2,632	2,681	2,885	3, 056	3,435	3, 225	3,855	3, 532	2, 584	2,843	5, 565	3,634	3 725	3,960	3, 732	4, 261	4,339	4,505	3, 288	3,792	3,612	4,187	3, 390	3, 988	3, 593	
	TT	146	33	87	25	80	109	8	106	280	52	146	125	102	107	255	218	201	123	142	787	ם נ	707	† 7 C	169	9	0	122	N	23	128	78	_	190	0	
	TRANS	233	204	977	167	80	115	228	217	221	101	161	66	124	104	198	760	108	163	141	87	228	971	967	7-4	230	151	141	356	181	205	147	187	219	177	
	SEG	, ~	N	~	\sim	_			\sim	·O	•	U.	(7)	_	4-1	·	_	w	_	A.	•			4,912		_ ~			, -	–	• •					
cont'd)	IMM	78	94	80	53	27		145		52	101		97	77			179			125	42	59		128	, ,	4 -	7.7	27	5	G	53	22	3 [*	, 7 <u>.</u>	91	
able 5 (EOS	768	446	648	1, 238	-	1 206	978	1,005	1,004	1, 195	1,175	1, 306	1.426	1, 199	1,175		. `.		w	1,090	٠,	, P	1, 249	•	•	, ,			•	•		•		1,050	n
T	WBC	65	50	1 02	2 6	7,0	200	2 4	, 0	1,0	0,02	9,60	97	22	1	70	1,35	1, 22	9.82	0,65	42	9,67	47	0, 15	5,6	7, 6	, -	1,1	1,0	, o, c	, ,	, t	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	1, 5,	9. 900	
	RBC		•			•		0.40 A A	•	•	•	•	•																						5.55 5.49	
	HEM	38	0 C	3 6	97	7 7	9	67	20	0 0	3 0) ×	3 6	0 7 7	9 5) o	3 7	, E	÷ 2	<u>6</u> 2	28	87	67	30	30	30	32	333	31	<u>.</u>	9 6) ,	31	31	35	26
	HB	0		# r		٠	•	ю u		o .	. 0	•	•	•	•	•		70.7		9	, ,		•	6.6	•	•	•	•	6.6	10.1	10.4	10.3	10.5	10.3	10.5	10.5
	R HOUR	1	+ 0.0 ur	10.01	+ / . o nr	. ו		+ 10.5 hr		+12.5 nr +12.5 hr	110.01.	114.0 nr	Ů, P	ņ	+17.5 nr	u r	+ 19. 5 nr	n M	n u	. יג	۱ ر	'n	ın	+30.5 hr	+32.5 hr		3	0	4.5	•	_		+ 5 day	+6 day	+1 week	+ 2 week

	PCP PCL	223 426 217 449
	M&S	3, 718 4, 223 4, 261 4, 824
	LL	386 153 223 272
	TRANS	223 247 240 142
	SEG	5, 625 6, 558 4, 743 5, 326
	IMM	95 92 247 213
	EOS	1,169 1,565 1,773 1,685
'	WBC	11,625 13,675 11,850 13,350
	RBC	5.67 5.99 5.44 5.42
	HEM	32 32 32
	HB	10.8 12.3 10.6
	R HOUR	+ 3 week + 4 week + 5 week + 6 week

Table 6. ABSOLUTE HEMATOLOGICAL VALUES

	PCF	116 300 231 150		171								159	19	14	39	38	17	25	19		78	13	21	16	16	
	M &S	2, 246 3, 061 4, 427 3, 269		3,637	3,940	2, 986	3, 089	3, 724	0,040	4, 155		3, 530	67	9	32	15	91	0	45		3,439	3, 198	3,617	3, 236	3, 379	
	TT	125 171 204 230		202	215	200	145	46	66.	1 24		139	118	84	20	118	149	186	1%		121	22	73	116	125	
	TRANS	115 173 460 294		277	45 116	807	536	262	202	4/		159	139	736	350	346	252	270	583		902	228	452	293	381	
	SEG	4,800 4,657 5,318 5,418	rd.	30	5,880	2	99	44	43	9[~	۲.	ω.	7,629	ru.	ru.	9	۲,		5,375	5,412	5, 924	6,935	7, 280	
Irradiated Dose: 200 r	IMM	75 22 53 81	irradiation	67	65 0	95	22	37	80	69	adiation	74	94	33	95	0	0	9	2 2	ation	84	82	, 1 C	74	F 9)
	EOS	570 550 747 1,307	re-sham i		1,236	732	641	617	639	783	Sham irradiation	540	848	1, 215		485	435	497	392	Irradiation	829	643	693	γ α γ γ γ	484	4
	WBC	8,898 9,740 10,566 10,959	I.	ó	10,424	ò	ó	,	ζ,	2		7	-	, ,	'n	`~	*	Š	11,724		C	ò	· c	<u>,</u>	11,550	-
	RBC	5.30 5.58 5.62 5.52		~	5.61	- 1	. ~	7	~	3		4	9	6	. ∝		_		5.24		7,	, , ,	, c	7.00	6.02 5.25	J. J.
Burro: Composite Group:	HEM	32 32 34 31		32	30	3 7	31	31	31	30		82	35	77) K	3	600	χ (67		20	2 6	, t	3.5	55 E	TC
	HB	9.8 10.4 10.5		•	10.5	•			•	•		101			•				8.6			•	٠	•	11.2	
	R HOUR	-6 day -5 day -4 day		-50 hr	-48 hr	-47.5 nr	י ו	'n	-42.5 hr	'n		26 hr	-20 m	, ,	22.5	1; c	۱ د	י ר	-17.5 hr			- c nr	d'	j, i	+1.5 hr	•

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TRANS LL M&S PCF/PCL 255 87 2, 314 186 225 61 2, 407 263 51 58 2, 794 147 194 42 2, 688 169 239 164 2, 415 253 167 178 3, 368 167 239 164 2, 415 253 167 46 2, 464 267 183 200 2, 613 183 101 124 2, 476 101 224 163 2, 697 224 135 171 3, 207 135 151 103 2, 697 124 152 163 2, 697 140 158 86 2, 646 160 160 156 2, 989 199 160 156 2, 989 199 160 163 2, 646 160 160	14 28 3,331 1 84 148 3,336 2
LLL M 87 61 61 164 178 178 178 178 23 23 24 171 103 24 25 26 27 100 25 26 27 28 27 28 27 28 27 28 28 29 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	14 28 3, 84 148 3,
	14
TRANS 255 225 225 225 239 167 267 183 170 101 224 135 197 197 197 197 197 197 197 197 197 197	414 284
SEG 7, 022 7, 069 6, 980 6, 805 7, 103 7, 103 7, 103 7, 103 7, 103 7, 103 8, 10	
IMM STAB 184 19 19 19 19 147 77 77 662 68 88 88 144 44 44 66 28 24 77 77 662 68 88 88 88 88 84 84 66 29 114 25 115 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29	80
EOS IMN EOS STA 509 173 444 184 444 184 447 0 529 678 88 678 88 678 88 678 88 652 147 658 68 668 68 668 68 679 77 793 229 702 115 804 29 805 106	957
WBC 10, 891 10, 974 10, 974 10, 916 11, 116 10, 916 10, 924 9, 588 9, 791 9, 683 9, 683 9, 683 9, 683 9, 683 9, 683 9, 683 9, 683 9, 683	10, 591 10, 999
RBC 5.20 5.20 5.20 5.20 5.20 5.20 5.20 5.20	
HEM HEM 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30	33.4 33.4
HB 9.9 9.8 9.7 9.8 10.3 10.3 10.3 10.3 10.3 10.3 10.0 10.0	11.3
HOUR +4.5 hr +6.5 hr +7.5 hr +10.5 hr +11.5 hr +11.5 hr +11.5 hr +11.5 hr +11.5 hr +12.5 hr +13.5 hr +14.5 hr +26.5 hr +36.5 hr +36.5 hr +36.5 hr +36.5 hr	ay ay

rante o (cont. a)	WBC EOS IMM SEG TRANS LL M&S PCP	591 836 137 5,884 261 178 3,769	016 644 0 4,132 134 49 4,245	10,824 863 153 6,118 229 151 3,987 309	599 842 0 5,113 140 123 4,263	583 1,047 108 5,445 107 131 3,791	975 984 29 6,025 34 0 4,469	
ļ								
	IMM STAB	137	0	153	0	108	67	
	EOS	836	644	863	842	1,047	984	
	WBC							
	RBC	5.60	5, 93	5.95	5.75	5.73	2.00	
	нем	30	32	32	31	32	87	
	нв	10.4	10.9	11.2	11.0	10.6	9.3	
	R HOUR	+1 week	+2 week	+ 3 week	+4 week	+5 week	+6 week	

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